AMADOR COUNTY

Community Corrections Partnership (CCP) Plan Implementation

In FY 2011-12, 2012-13 and or 2013-14 identify the community corrections programs and or services implemented (e.g. program or service was operational) by CCP agencies (e.g. Probation Department, Sheriff's Department, Department of Public Health, etc.).

County-provided programs and services include:

- Pre-Trial Supervision;
- Alternative Sentencing Program;
- Moral Reconation Therapy;
- Health and Human Services Sober Living Environment Beds; and
- Community Based Organization Community Supervision.

The Alternative Sentencing Program has an 86% completion rate and has saved 3,017 jail bed days. The Pre-Trial Supervision Program has a 50% completion rate and has saved 656 jail bed days.

In FY 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 the CCP plan adopted by the Board of Supervisors included the following areas derived from Penal Code section 1230.1

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14
Community Service Programs	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Counseling Programs	✓	✓	~
Day Reporting Center			
Drug Courts			
Educational Programs	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark
Electronic and GPS Monitoring Programs	 ✓ 	\checkmark	\checkmark
Mental Health Treatment Programs	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Residential Multiservice Centers			
Victim Restitution Programs			
Work Training Programs			

Describe an accomplishment or highlight (as defined by the CCP) achieved in FY 2011-12 and or 2012-13.

Amador County Probation began operating an Alternative Sentencing Program and Pre-Trial Supervision Program consistent with the CCP goal of positively affecting the jail population. The Alternative Sentencing Program has an 86% completion rate and has saved 3,017 jail bed days. The Pre-Trial Supervision Program has a 50% completion rate and has saved 656 jail bed days

Describe a local success story (as defined by the CCP).

An offender released to Post Release Community Supervision came back to Amador County without a residence, significant drug dependence issues and unresolved mental health issues. The offender was initially set up with housing at a local shelter and referred to Amador County Behavioral Health for enrollment in an AB 109 treatment program. During the course of treatment the offender found housing, remained clean, began addressing Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder and took steps to become self sufficient. After one year of supervision the offender was successfully released and remains active in the AB 109 group, providing support to other offenders in the program.

For FY 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 rank the priority areas[^] of the CCP on a scale from 1 to 9. A rank of 1 indicates that area was the HIGHEST priority (as defined by the CCP) and a rank of 9 indicates that area was the LOWEST priority (as defined by the CCP).

FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	
1. Staffing	1. Staffing	1. Staffing	
2. GPS	2. GPS	2. GPS	
3. Data	3. Data	3. Data	
4. Risk Assessment	4. Risk Assessment	4. Risk Assessment	
5. Health	5. Health	5. Health	
6. Staff Training	6. Staff Training	6. Staff Training	
7. Law Enforcement	7. Law Enforcement	7. Law Enforcement	
8. Medical	8. Medical	8. Medical	
9. Day Reporting	9. Day Reporting	9. Day Reporting	

[^]Priority areas are representative of the information counties included in the FY 2011-12 and 2012-13 CCP plans and the information BSCC received from counties and published in the *report 2011 Public Safety Realignment Act: Report on the Implementation of Community Corrections Partnership Plans.*

Priority areas: Day Reporting Center, Data (e.g. data identification, collection, analysis, etc.), GPS/Electronic Monitoring, Staff Training (e.g. Probation Dept., District Attorney's Office, etc.), Local Law Enforcement (municipal police), Public Health/Mental Health (e.g. substance abuse, treatment, etc.), Medical Related Costs, Risk Assessment Instruments (COMPAS, STRONG, etc.), and Staffing (e.g. Victim Witness Advocate, Deputy Sheriff, Deputy Probation Officer, etc.).