

	Bill & Author	Summary/ Version	BSCC Duties Impact	Status
1	<p><u>AB 48</u></p> <p><u>Law enforcement: kinetic energy projectiles and chemical agents</u></p> <p><u>Assemblymember Gonzalez</u></p> <p><u>(D-80)</u></p>	<p>ENROLLED SEPTEMBER 10, 2021</p> <p>This bill would prohibit the use of kinetic energy projectiles or chemical agents by any law enforcement agency to disperse any assembly, protest, or demonstration, except in compliance with specified standards set by the bill, and would prohibit their use solely due to a violation of an imposed curfew, verbal threat, or noncompliance with a law enforcement directive. The bill would include in the standards for the use of kinetic energy projectiles and chemical agents to disperse gatherings the requirement that, among other things, those weapons only be used to defend against a threat to life or serious bodily injury to any individual, including a peace officer.</p>	<p>May impact training regulations</p>	<p>9/8/2021</p> <p>To the Governor.</p>

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2	<p><a href="#"><u>AB 653</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Medication-Assisted Treatment Grant Program</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Assemblymember Waldron</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>(R-75)</u></a></p>	<p>AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 26, 2021</p> <p>This bill would establish, until January 1, 2026, the Medication-Assisted Treatment Grant Program, to be administered by the Board of State and Community Corrections. The bill would require the board to award grants, on a competitive basis, to counties and would authorize counties that receive grants to use grant funds for various purposes relating to the treatment of substance use disorders and the provision of medication-assisted treatment. The bill would prohibit counties from using the grant funds to supplant existing resources for medication-assisted treatment services delivered in county jails or in the community. The bill would require counties that receive grants pursuant to these provisions to collect and maintain data relating to the effectiveness of the program and would require the board, by July 1, 2025, to submit a report to the Legislature describing the activities funded by the grant program and the success of those activities in reducing drug overdoses and recidivism by jail inmates and persons under criminal justice supervision. Funding for this grant program is not included in the bill, and the program is “operative only to the extent that funding is provided, by express reference, in the annual Budget Act or another statute.”</p>	<p>Would require the BSCC to administer this grant</p>	<p>9/9/2021</p> <p>To the Governor.</p>

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3	<p><u><a href="#">AB 731</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">County jails: recidivism: reports</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Assemblymember Bauer-Kahan (D-16)</a></u></p>	<p>AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 26, 2021</p> <p>This bill would require sheriff in each county to compile and submit specified data to the Board of State and Community Corrections on their educational opportunities, rehabilitative opportunities, exercise opportunities, the number of participants and the cost of administering those programs, and success rates in reducing recidivism, as defined. The bill would require the board to compile a report based upon those findings and submit the report to the Legislature by a specified date.</p>	<p>Would require research and data collection and compiling a report to the Legislature</p>	<p>9/1/2021</p> <p>Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Skinner.</p>

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4	<p><u><a href="#">AB 990</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Prisons: inmate visitation.</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Assemblymember Santiago</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">(D-53)</a></u></p>	<p>ENROLLED SEPTEMBER 10, 2021</p> <p>For people detained in a county jail on felony charges, this bill would include the right to personal visits as a civil right, as specified. The bill would provide that these civil rights may not be infringed upon, except as necessary and only if narrowly tailored to further the legitimate security interests of the government and would provide that any governmental action related to these civil rights may be reviewed in court for legal error under a substantial evidence standard of review.</p>	<p>May impact Title 15 Regulations</p>	<p>9/8/2021</p> <p>To the Governor.</p>

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4	<p><a href="#"><u>AB 1223</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Firearms and ammunition: excise tax.</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Assemblymember Levine (D-10)</u></a></p>	<p>AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 10, 2021</p> <p>This bill, the Gun Violence Prevention, Healing, and Recovery Act, would, commencing July 1, 2022, impose an excise tax in the amount of 10% of the sales price of a handgun and 11% of the sales price of a long gun, rifle, firearm precursor part, and ammunition, as specified. The tax would be collected by the state pursuant to the Fee Collection Procedures Law. The bill would require that the revenues collected be deposited in the Gun Violence Prevention, Healing, and Recovery Fund, which the bill would establish in the State Treasury.</p>	<p>Would secure funding to the CalVIP grant</p>	<p>6/3/21</p> <p>Did not pass the Assembly.</p>

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5	<p><a href="#">AB 1318</a></p> <p><a href="#">Deferred entry of judgment pilot program</a></p> <p><a href="#">Assemblymember Stone</a></p> <p><a href="#">(D-29)</a></p>	<p>ENROLLED SEPTEMBER 03, 2021</p> <p>This bill would extend the pilot program to January 1, 2024, and would instead require, no later than December 31, 2022, the above-specified comprehensive report to be submitted to the Assembly and Senate Committees on Public Safety.</p> <p>Current law authorizes, until January 1, 2022, the Counties of Alameda, Butte, Napa, Nevada, Santa Clara, and Ventura to establish a pilot program to operate a deferred entry of judgment program for eligible defendants. Current law requires each participating county to establish a multidisciplinary team to meet periodically to review and discuss the implementation, practices, and impact of the program, and to submit data on the pilot program to the Board of State and Community Corrections. Current law requires the board to conduct an evaluation of the pilot program’s impact and effectiveness, as specified, and would require, no later than December 31, 2020, the evaluation to be combined into a comprehensive report and submitted to the Assembly and Senate Committees on Public Safety.</p>	<p>Will continue the grant until 2024.</p>	<p>9/8/2021</p> <p>To the Governor.</p>

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6	<p><u><a href="#">SB 2</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Peace officers: certification: civil rights.</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Senator Bradford</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">(D-35)</a></u></p>	<p>ENROLLED SEPTEMBER 10, 2021</p> <p>This bill would provide that a threat, intimidation, or coercion under the Tom Bane Civil Rights Act may be inherent in any interference with a civil right and would describe intentional acts for these purposes as an act in which the person acted with general intent or a conscious objective to engage in particular conduct. The bill would eliminate certain immunity provisions for peace officers and custodial officers, or public entities employing peace officers or custodial officers sued under the act.</p>	<p>May impact standards for training</p>	<p>9/8/2021</p> <p>To the Governor.</p>

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7	<p><a href="#"><u>SB 334</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Detention facilities: contracts.</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Senator Durazo</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>(D-24)</u></a></p>	<p>AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY SEPTEMBER 02, 2021</p> <p>This bill would require a private detention facility responsible for the custody and control of a prisoner or civil detainee to operate in compliance with these standards and to maintain specified insurance coverages, including general, automobile, and umbrella liability, and workers' compensation. The bill would require an insurer providing insurance to require the private detention facility to comply with the standards and to notify the director of the facility and the Insurance Commissioner of deficiencies and that the insurance contract will be canceled if the deficiencies are not corrected within 60 days, among other duties. The bill would state that it does not apply to specified detention facilities. The bill would state that it does not create any additional authority or responsibility for the Board of State and Community Corrections and Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, as specified.</p>	None	<p>9/9/2021</p> <p>To the Governor.</p>